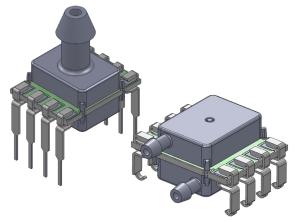
ELVH Series - Analog and Digital Pressure Sensor Product Families

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Introduction

The ELVH Analog and Digital Pressure Sensor Series features All Sensors' ultra low pressure CoBeam²TM Technology. This innovative sensing element technology provides best-in-class stability for low and ultra low pressure ranges, with the ability to customize calibrations and pressure ranges from a proven world class supplier.

The ELVH series gives design engineers outstanding flexibility with an exceptional number of choices in package combination.

The digital interface eases integration of the sensors into a variety of process control and measurement systems, allowing direct connection to serial communications channels.

These calibrated and compensated sensors provide accurate, stable output over a wide temperature range. This series is intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic working fluids such as air and other dry gases. A protective parylene coating is optionally available.



For All Sensors Corporation's most recent quality certification documents, please visit www.allsensors.com

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ELV SERIES: ANALOG & DIGITAL PRESSURE SENSORS

Features

- Pressure Ranges from ±0.5 inH2O to 150 psi and ±2.5mbar to ±10 bar
- Precision ASIC Conditioning
- Digital I²C or SPI Interface or Analog Only Options
- 3.3V and 5V Supply Voltage Options

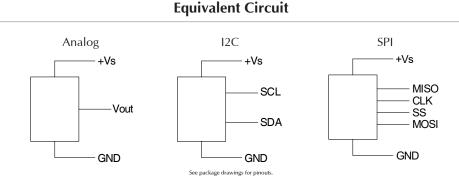
Applications

- Medical Devices
- Medical Instrumentation
- Respiratory
- Portable / Hand-Held Equipment
- Environmental Controls
- Environmental Instrumentation
- Environmental Monitoring
- HVAC
- Industrial Controls
- Altimeters
- Chemical Analysis
- Meteorology

Wetted Media

- Silicon
- RTV
- Gold
- Ceramic
- Epoxy
- Nylon Plastic
- Aluminum

Pressure Sensor Maximum R	Environmental Specifications					
	to 5.5 Vdc	Temperature Rang Compensated:	g <mark>es</mark> Standard			
Lead Temperature (soldering 2-4 sec.)	270°C	Compensated.	Industrial	-20°C to 85°C		
Device Temperature (reflow soldering)	245°C		maastrar	20 0 10 03 0		
		Operating		-25°C to 85°C		
		Storage		-40°C to 125°C		
		Humidity Limits (r	g) 0 to 95% RH			



ELVH Product Family Highlights

 \bullet 0.5 in H2O up to 60 in H2O and 1 psi up to 150 psi pressure ranges. 2.5 mb ar up to 10 bar pressure

ranges

- Offered in Differential, Gage and Absolute pressure modes
- 0 to 50°C and -20 to 85°C Temperature compensation options
- Output offered as
 - Digital I²C or SPI in 14 bit output or Ratiometric Analog option
 - 6 unique I²C address options
 - 4 unique transfer function options
- 3.3V and 5V Supply Voltage offerings
- Available in Numerous Port options:
 - No port
 - Barbed axial port
 - Needle big port
 - Side port
 - Other packages also available, check with factory
- Numerous lead options:
 - SMT J-lead
 - DIP lead
 - SIP lead
- Parylene Coating offered on pressure ranges of 10 inH2O and 25 mbar and above



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ELVH Series Pressure Ranges

	Pressure Range ¹				Proof Pressure ²		Burst Pressure ³		Common Mode Pressure ⁴	
CODE	- Pmin -	xemd 20	Pressure Mode	kPa	inH2O	kPa	inH2O	kPa	inH2O	kPa
F50D	-0.5	0.5	Differential	0.1	270	67	415	103	415	103
L01D	-1	1	Differential	0.2	270	67	415	103	415	103
L02D	-2	2	Differential	0.5	270	67	415	103	415	103
L04D	-4	4	Differential	1.0	300	75	415	103	415	103
L05D	-5	5	Differential	1.2	300	75	415	103	415	103
L10D	-10	10	Differential	2.5	350	87	415	103	415	103
L20D	-20	20	Differential	5.0	350	87	415	103	415	103
L30D	-30	30	Differential	7.5	350	87	415	103	415	103
L60D	-60	60	Differential	14.9	350	87	415	103	415	103
L01G	0	1	Gage	0.2	270	67	415	103	415	103
L02G	0	2	Gage	0.5	270	67	415	103	415	103
L04G	0	4	Gage	1.0	300	75	415	103	415	103
L05G	0	5	Gage	1.2	300	75	415	103	415	103
L10G	0	10	Gage	2.5	350	87	415	103	415	103
L20G	0	20	Gage	5.0	350	87	415	103	415	103
L30G	0	30	Gage	7.5	350	87	415	103	415	103
L60G	0	60	Gage	14.9	350	87	415	103	415	103
CODE	P Pmin	Si Si	Pressure Mode	kPa	psi	kPa	psi	kPa	psi	kPa
001D	-1	1	Differential	7	10	69	15	103	15	103
005D	-5	5	Differential	34	15	103	15	103	15	103
015D	-15	15	Differential	103	30	207	150	1034	250	1724
030D	-30	30	Differential	207	60	414	250	1724	250	1724
060D	-60	60	Differential	414	120	827	250	1724	250	1724
001G	0	1	Gage	7	10	69	15	103	15	103
005G	0	5	Gage	34	15	103	15	103	15	103
015G	0	15	Gage	103	30	207	75	51 <i>7</i>	250	1724
030G	0	30	Gage	207	60	414	150	1034	250	1724
060G	0	60	Gage	414	120	827	250	1724	250	1724
100G	0	100	Gage	690	250	1724	250	1724	250	1724
150G	0	150	Gage	1034	250	1724	250	1724	250	1724
015A	0	15	Absolute	103	15	103	15	103	15	103
030A	0	30	Absolute	207	60	414	150	1034	250	1724
060A	0	60	Absolute	414	120	827	250	1724	250	1724
100A	0	100	Absolute	690	250	1724	250	1724	250	1724
150A	0	150	Absolute	1034	250	1724	250	1724	250	1724

ELVH Pressure Ranges Specification Notes

Note 1: Pressure ranges in Pa and kPa are expressed as an approximate value.

Note 2: Differential Proof Pressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to one port of the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product.

Note 3: Differential Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to one port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

Note 4: Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the this maximum pressure.

ELVH Series Pressure Ranges (Cont'd)

	Pressure Range ¹			Proof Pressure ²		Burst Pressure ³		Common Mode Pressure ⁴		
CODE	Pmin Pmin	Dar Amax	Pressure Mode	kPa	mbar	kPa	mbar	kPa	mbar	kPa
MF25D	-2.5	2.5	Differential	0.25	675	68	1034	103	1034	103
M005D	-5.0	5	Differential	0.5	675	68	1034	103	1034	103
MF12D	-12.5	12.5	Differential	1.25	750	75	1034	103	1034	103
M025D	-25	25	Differential	2.5	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M050D	-50	50	Differential	5	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M060D	-60	60	Differential	6	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M075D	-75	75	Differential	7.5	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M100D	-100	100	Differential	10	1034	103	1034	103	1034	103
M160D	-160	160	Differential	16	1034	103	1034	103	1034	103
M250D	-250	250	Differential	25	1034	103	1034	103	1034	103
M500D	-500	500	Differential	50	2,000	200	1034	103	1034	103
MF25G	0	2.5	Gage	0.3	675	68	1034	103	1034	103
M005G	0	5	Gage	0.5	675	68	1034	103	1034	103
MF12G	0	12.5	Gage	1.25	675	67.5	1034	103	1034	103
M025G	0	25	Gage	2.5	750	75	1034	103	1034	103
M050G	0.0	50	Gage	5	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M060G	0	60	Gage	6	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M075G	0	75	Gage	7.5	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M100G	0	100	Gage	10	850	85	1034	103	1034	103
M160G	0	160	Gage	16	1034	103	1034	103	1034	103
M250G	0	250	Gage	25	1034	103	1034	103	1034	103
M500G	0	500	Gage	50	1034	103	1034	103	1034	103
		0		-50 to 0	1034					
MN50G	-500		Gage			103	5171	517	17237	1724
M611A	600	1100	Absolute	60 to 110	1,034	103	5171	517	17237	1,724
CODE	Pmin P	Ar Ar	Pressure Mode	kPa	bar	kPa	bar	kPa	bar	kPa
B001D	-1	1	Differential	100	3.1	310	10.3	1034	17.2	1724
BF25D	-2.5	2.5	Differential	250	7.2	720	17.2	1724	17.2	1724
B005D	-5	5	Differential	500	12.4	1240	17.2	1724	17.2	1724
B010D	-10	10	Differential	1000	17	1700	17.2	1724	17.2	1724
BN01G	-1	0	Gage	-100 to 0	2	200	5.2	517	17.2	1724
B001G	0	1	Gage	100	2	200	5.2	517	17.2	1724
BF25G	0	2.5	Gage	250	6.2	620	10.3	1034	17.2	1724
B005G	0	5	Gage	500	8	800	17.2	1724	17.2	1724
B010G	0	10	Gage	1000	17	1700	17.2	1724	17.2	1724
B001A	0	1	Absolute	100	1	100	1.0	103	1.0	103
B002A	0	2	Absolute	200	5	500	10.3	1034	17.2	1724

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ELVH Output Series Performance Table

Performance Specified At: 5V ± 5% for 5V Nominal Vs, 3.3V ± 5% for 3.3V Nominal Vs. Ref temp 25°C. Positive Pressure applied to Port B (top port).

Davamatan	Digital						Analog				
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes	
Full Scale Span											
(10% - 90%, 5% - 85% Transfer Function Options)											
xxxD (Differential)	-	±6554	-	Count (Dec)	5	-	±40% VS	-	V	5	
xxxG (Gage), xxxA (Absolute)	-	13108	-	Count (Dec)	5	-	80% VS	-	V	5	
(5% - 95%, 4% - 94% Transfer Function Options)											
xxxD (Differential)	-	±7373	-	Count (Dec)	5	-	±45% VS	-	V	5	
xxxG (Gage), xxxA (Absolute)	-	14746	-	Count (Dec)	5	-	90% VS	-	V	5	
Offset											
(10% - 90% Transfer Function Option)											
xxxD (Differential)	-	8192	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	50% VS	-	V	-	
xxxG (Gage), xxxA (Absolute)	-	1638	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	10% VS	-	V	-	
(5% - 95% Transfer Function Option)											
xxxD (Differential)	-	8192	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	50% VS	-	V	-	
xxxG (Gage), xxxA (Absolute)	-	819	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	5% VS	-	V	-	
(5% - 85% Transfer Function Option)											
xxxD (Differential)	-	7373	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	45% VS	-	V	-	
xxxG (Gage), xxxA (Absolute)	-	819	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	5% VS	-	v	-	
(4% - 94% Transfer Function Option)											
xxxD (Differential)	-	8028	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	49% VS	-	v	-	
xxxG (Gage), xxxA (Absolute)	-	655	-	Count (Dec)	-	-	4% VS	-	v	-	
Accuracy	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	6	-	-	±0.25	%FSS	6	
Full Scale Output Resolution	-	14	-	bits	-	-	11	-	bits	-	
Total Error Band (TEB) - Industrial Temp. (-20°C to 85°C)											
F50D, L01G, MF25G	-	-	±4	%FSS	7	-	-	±4	%FSS	7	
L01D, L02G, M005G, MF25D	-	-	±3	%FSS	7	-	-	±3	%FSS	7	
Remaining ranges	-	-	±2	%FSS	7	-	-	±2	%FSS	7	
Total Error Band (TEB) - Standard Temp. (0°C to 50°C)											
F50D, L01G, MF25G	-	-	±3	%FSS	7	-	-	±3	%FSS	7	
L01D, L02G, MF25D, M005G	-	-	±2	%FSS	7	-	-	±2	%FSS	7	
L02D, L04G, M005D	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7	-	-	±1.5	%FSS	7	
Remaining ranges	-	-	±1	%FSS	7	-	-	±1	%FSS	7	
Position Sensitivity										8	
L02x, MF25x, & Below	-	±0.2	-	%FSS	8	-	±0.2	-	%FSS		
Above L02x & MF25x	-	±0.1	-	%FSS	8	-	±0.1	-	%FSS		
Startup Time	-	-	3	ms	-	-	-	5	ms	-	
Response Time	-	0.46	-	ms	-	-	1	-	ms	-	
Supply Current											
3.3V Supply Option	-	3.1	3.9	mA	-	-	2.1	2.8	mA	-	
5V Supply Option	-	3.7	4.6	mA	_	-	2.7	3.5	mA	_	

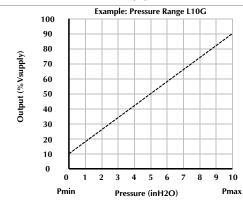
Note 6: Accuracy is the measured deviation based on Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL).

Note 7: Total Error Band is calculated from a combination of all possible errors, including offset, span temperature, calibration, linearity, pressure hysteresis, offset warm-up shift, offset position sensitivity, and long term offset drift.

Temperature Output Conversion Function

Temperature (°C) =
$$Tout_{dig} \times \left(\frac{200}{2^{11}-1}\right) - 50$$

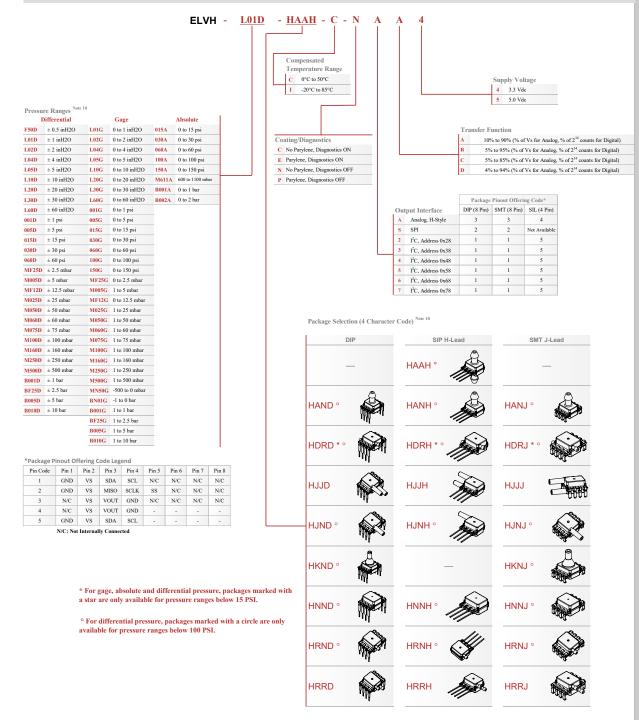
Transfer Function (A) 10 to 90% Example



 $\frac{\text{Pressure}_{\text{applied}} \cdot \text{P}_{\text{min}}}{\text{P}_{\text{max}} \cdot \text{P}_{\text{min}}} \quad x \ ((0.9 - 0.1) \ x \ \text{Vsupply}) + 0.1 \ x \ \text{Vsupply}$

How to Order ELVH Series

For example, ELVH-L01D-HAAH-C-NAA4 defines an All Sensors ELVH Series Analog + Digital Presure Sensor, 1 inH2O differential pressure range, HAAH package (SIP H-Lead with barbed top ports), compensated temperature range from 0°C to 50°C, no parylene coating, diagnostics OFF, Analog output, 10 to 90% of Vsupply transfer function, 3.3 Vdc supply voltage.



Note: Parylene Coating is not available for pressure ranges below 10 in H2O and 25 mbar.

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Device Options

Parylene Coating:

Parylene coating provides a moisture barrier and protection from some harsh media. Unlike other pressure sensor suppliers offering a Parylene coating, All Sensors performs this process in-house and uses an advanced production system to achieve the highest accuracy and reliability. This avoids transferring products out of and back to the pressure sensor manufacturing facility, provides complete quality control and improves the delivery time to customers. Specially designed masking techniques allow All Sensors to apply a cost-effective, high-volume Parylene coating in-house.

Consult factory for applicability of Parylene for the target application and sensor type.

This option is not available for pressure ranges below ±10 inH2O and ±25mbar configurations.

Soldering Recommendations:

- 1) If possible, solder parts as a second operation only.
- 2) Post reflow and other high temperature processes, wait for 48 hrs before performing any calibration operations.
- 3) Perform spot cleaning as necessary only by hand. **DO NOT** wash or submerge device in cleaning liquid.
- 4) Max 270°C lead temperature (manual soldering 2-4 sec.)

If these devices are to be subjected to solder reflow assembly or other high temperature processing, they must be baked for 1 hour at 125°C within 24 hours prior to exposure. Failure to comply may result in cracking and/or delamination of critical interfaces within the package, and is not covered by warranty.

Evaluation Kit:

All Sensors offers evaluation kits to help design engineers evaluate potential devices early in the development process.

Signed Original On File

I Signed Original On File

Sensor Application Information

Transfer Functions:

Measurement systems employing ELVH sensors typically need to process the sensor output in terms of standard pressure units. Converting the sensor outputs to these units is done using the transfer function equations defined below.

Digital versions of ELVH sensors have an output range of 14 bits, or 0 to 16383 counts, referred to as the *Full Scale Range (FSR)*.

Analog ELVH analog versions have a corresponding output FSR from 0 volts (relative to sensor Ground pin) up to the sensor supply voltage (Vs). Unlike digital sensors, which provide an output in digital counts independent of changes in Vs, the Analog output is <u>ratiometric</u>, or proportional to the supply voltage.

Depending on the calibration Transfer Function option, the output at minimum and maximum calibrated pressures corresponds to different fractions of this Full Scale Range.

The **difference** in output at the maximum and minimum calibrated pressures is the *Full Scale Span (FSS)* of the sensor.

The general form of the equation for converting sensor output to pressure is:

$$P(units) = Offset\ Pressure(Units) + \left(\frac{SensorOutput-Offset\ Output}{Full\ Scale\ Span}\right) * Calibrated\ Span(Units)$$

where

Offset Pressure (Units) is the minimum absolute value of pressure applied: for all Standard Gage, Differential, and Absolute products, this value is zero.

For Barometric Absolute ranges, this value is the lower limit of the range (e.g. 600 mbarA).

SensorOutput is the pressure reading, whether digital (in counts for I2C or SPI output) or analog (the sensor voltage output)

OffsetOutput is the sensor reading with no pressure applied; this is specified in the Performance Tables as **Offset**, for both digital and analog outputs. This value depends on the Transfer Function option selected.

Full Scale Span as defined above is the difference in output at maximum and minimum calibrated pressures. This is specified in the Performance Tables as **Full Scale Span**.

For ELVH Transfer Function options A and C (10%-90%, 5%-85% FSR), this corresponds to 80% of FSR; for ELVH Transfer Function options B and D (5%-95%, 4%-94% FSR), this corresponds to 90% of FSR.

Note that for Differential ranges, this is expressed as positive / negative values: this is to clarify the excursions above and below the offset value for positive / negative pressure.



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Sensor Application Information (Cont'd.)

Calibrated Range is the difference between highest and lowest calibrated pressures.

For standard symmetrical Differential sensors, this is **twice** the maximum positive calibrated pressure. That is, for example, a 5 PSID pressure range would have a 10 PSI Calibrated Range.

For Analog sensors, it is important to note that the actual supply voltage (Vs) is the reference for sensor readings, *not* the nominal calibration voltage (3.3V or 5V). Both Sensor Offset and Full Scale Span must be derived from Vs for correct interpretation of the sensor voltage output.

This requires normalizing the Performance Table values from the noted nominal Vs to actual Vs. In the case where an Analog to Digital converter is used, this is done simply by connecting the sensor Vs to the same supply rail as the ADC Reference Supply input.

Transfer Function Calculation Examples:

Example 1: ELVH-L10G-xxxx-x-x2Ax

Calibrated from 0 to 10 inches H2O; I2C Digital output; 10% - 90% FSR transfer function.

Full Scale Span = 80% of FSR = 0.8* 16384 = 13108; Offset Output = 1638

For a reading of 12250 counts, the pressure is then:

Pout = 0 + ((12250 - 1638)/13108) * 10 inH2O. Pout = (10612/13108) * 10 inH2O =**8.096 inH2O**.

Example 2: ELVH-005D-xxxx-x-xSBx

Calibrated from -5 to 5 PSI; SPI Digital output; 5% - 95% FSR transfer function.

Full Scale Span = 90% of FSR = 0.9*16384 = 14746; Offset Output = 8192.

The Calibrated Range is 5 PSI - (-5 PSI) = 10 PSI.

For a reading of 4250 counts, the pressure is then:

Pout = 0 + ((4250 - 8192)/14746) * 10 PSI. Pout = (-3942/14716) * 10 PSI = -2.67 PSI.

Example 3: ELVH-030A-xxxx-x-xAA4

Calibrated from 0 to 30 PSIA; Analog output; 10% - 90% FSR transfer function,

3.3V *nominal* supply voltage.

For example, suppose that an actual Vs of 3.15V is present, not 3.30V.

The actual Full Scale Span is then:

FSS = 80% of Vs, = 0.80* 3.15 =**2.52V**.

The Offset is 10% FSR, or

SensorOffset = 0.10 * 3.15V = 0.315V.

For a reading of 1.775V, the pressure is then:

Pout = 0 + ((1.775V - 0.315V)/2.52V) * 30 PSIA.

Pout = (1.463/2.52) * 30 PSIA = 17.38 PSIA.

Example 4: ELVH-M611A-xxxx-x-x4Dx

Calibrated from 600 to 1100 mbar; I2C Digital output; 4% - 94% FSR transfer function.

Full Scale Span = 90% of FSR = 0.9 *16384 = 14746; Offset Output = 655.

Calibrated Span is $(1100 \text{ mbar} - 600 \text{ mbar}) = \underline{500 \text{ mbar}}$.

For a reading of 7250 counts, the pressure is then:

Pout = 600 + ((7250 - 655)/14746) * 500 mbar.

Pout = 600 + (6595/14746) * 500 mbar = 823.6 mbar.

12C Interface for ELVH Series

12C Communications Overview

The I2C interface uses a set of signal sequences for communication. The following is a description of the supported sequences. Refer to Figure 1 for usage.

Bus not Busy (I): During idle periods both data line (SDA) and clock line (SCL) remain HIGH.

<u>START condition (ST):</u> A HIGH to LOW transition of SDA line while the clock (SCL) is HIGH is interpreted as START condition. START conditions are always set by the master. Each initial request for a pressure value has to begin with a START condition.

Slave address (An): The I2C-bus requires a unique address for each device. After setting a START condition the master sends the address byte containing the 7 bit sensor address followed by a data direction bit (R/W). A "0" indicates a transmission from master to slave (WRITE), a "1" indicates a data request (READ).

Acknowledge (A or N): Data is transferred in units of 8 bits (1 byte) at a time, MSB first. Each data-receiving device, whether master or slave, is required to pull the data line LOW to acknowledge receipt of the data. The Master must generate an extra clock pulse for this purpose. If the receiver does not pull the data line down, a NACK condition exists, and the slave transmitter becomes inactive. The master determines whether to send the last command again or to set the STOP condition, ending the transfer.

<u>DATA valid (Dn):</u> State of data line represents valid data when, after a START condition, data line is stable for duration of HIGH period of clock signal. Data on line must be changed during LOW period of clock signal. There is one clock pulse per data bit.

DATA operation: The sensor starts to send 4 data bytes containing the current pressure and temperature values. The transmission may be halted by the host after any of the bytes by responding with a NACK.

STOP condition (P): LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while clock (SCL) is HIGH indicates a STOP condition. STOP conditions are always generated by the master.

ELVH Digital Interface Data Format

Table 1 - Output Data Format

D[31:30]	D[29:24]	D[23:16]	D[15:8]	D[7:5]	D[4:0]
S[1:0]	P[13:8]	P[7:0]	T[10:3]	T[2:0]	X[4:0]
Status	Pressure MSB	Pressure LSB	Temperature MSB	Temperature LSB	Filler bits (Undefined)

Bit Definitions:

Status (S): Normal/command / busy / diagnostic

Pressure (P): Digital pressure reading

Temperature (T): Compensated temperature reading

Table 2 - Status Bit Definitions

[00]	[01]	[10]	[11]
Current Data, no errors.	/		Error Condition: electrical fault or configuration invalid.

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- the same stall/deadlock. In the following data request, an additional Start condition must be sent for correct communication.
- 3. A falling SDA edge is not allowed between the start condition and the first rising SCL edge. If using an I2C address with the first bit 0, SDA must be held low from the start condition through the first bit.

Figure 1 - I2C Communication Diagram

I2C Communications Diagram

1. Read Data (with examples of reading pressure, pressure plus 8 bits of temperature and pressure plus 11 bits of temperature)

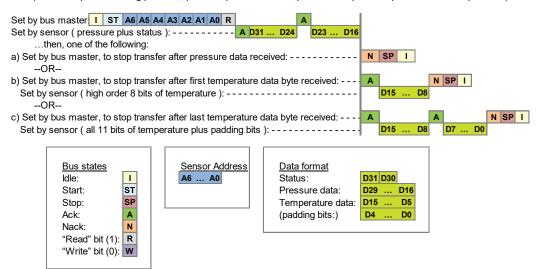


Figure 1 illustrates the sequence of signals set by both the host and the sensor for each command. Note that for the ReadData command, the host has the option of responding to the second or third bytes of data with a NACK instead of ACK. This terminates the data transmission after the pressure data, or after the pressure data and upper byte of temperature, have been transmitted. See Figure 4 for the I2C timing details.

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SPI Interface for ELVH Series

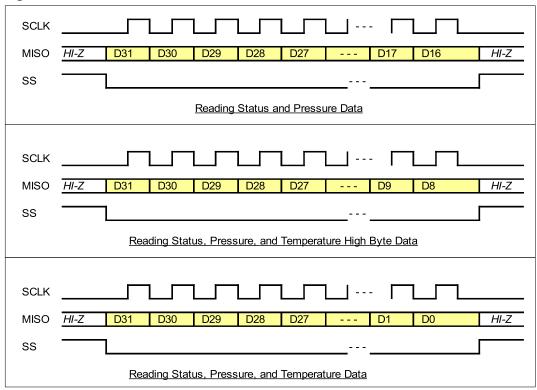
After power-up, the part enters Free Running mode and begins its periodic conversion cycle. The only bus interaction with the host is the SPI DataRead operation. Polling the sensor at a rate slower than the internal update rate will minimize bus activity and ensure that new values are presented with each transfer. Note that the Status bits should still be checked to verify updated data and the absence of error conditions.

ELVH sensors using the SPI interface option provide 3 signals for communication: SCLK, SS (Slave Select), and MISO.

SPI Bit Pattern

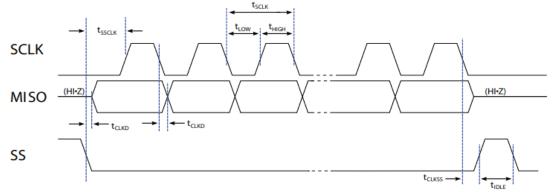
The sequence of bits and bus signals are shown in the following illustration (Figure 2). Refer to Figure 3 in the Interface Timing Diagram section for detailed timing data. As previously described, the incoming data may be terminated by raising SS after 2, 3, or 4 bytes have been received as illustrated below.

Figure 2 - SPI Bit Pattern



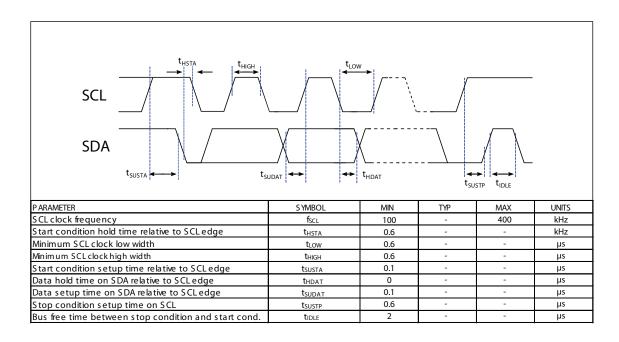
Interface Timing Diagrams for ELVH Series

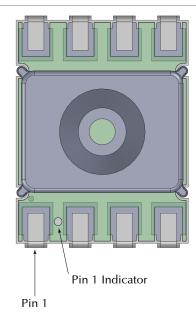
Figure 3 - SPI Timing Diagram



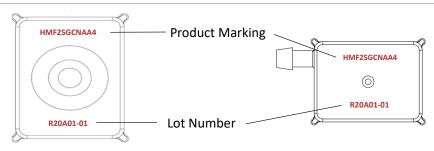
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
S CLK clock frequency	f _{SCLK}	50	-	800	kHz
SS drop to first clock edge	t _{SSCLK}	2.5	-	-	μs
Minimum S CLK clock low width	t _{LOW}	0.6	-	-	μs
Minimum S CLK high width	t _{HIGH}	0.6	-	-	μs
Clock edge to data transition	t _{CLKD}	0	-	0.1	μs
Rise of SS relative to last clock edge	t _{CLKSS}	0.1	-	-	μs
Bus free time between rise and fall of SS	t _{IDLE}	2	-	-	μs

Figure 4 - I2C Timing Diagram

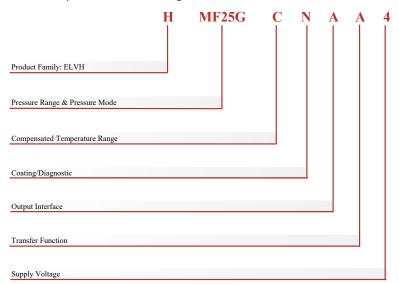




Product Marking



Example Product Marking: HMF25GCNAA4



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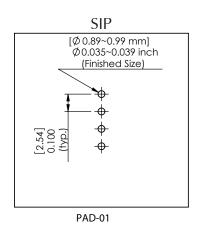
Pressure Tubing Recommendations

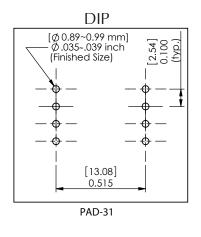
Tubing Recommendations									
Lid Type	ID	OD	Mate	erial*					
Liu Type	10	OD	Low Pressure	High Pressure					
A	5/32"	1/4"	Silicone	Polyurethane					
R	1/16"	1/8"	Silicone	Polyurethane					
J	1/16"	1/8"	Silicone	Polyurethane					
K	3/32"	5/32"	Silicone	Polyurethane					
N	O-ring face seal								

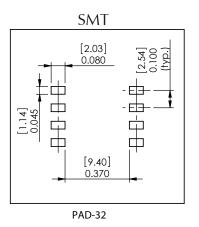
For the purposes of tubing recommendations, "Low Pressure" is defined as pressure ranges below 15 psi and "High Pressure" is defined as pressure ranges above 15 psi.

Note: 15 psi absolute is considered low pressure, whereas 15 psi differential and gage are considered high pressure.

Suggested Pad Layouts





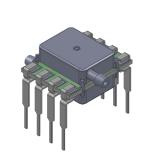


Dimensional Drawings - DIP Packages

Package Dimensions DIP AN: Barbed Top Port Gage Notes: 1) Dimensions are in inches [mm].

HAND Package

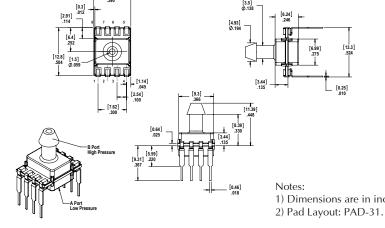
DIP DR: Barbed Opposite Side Port Differential

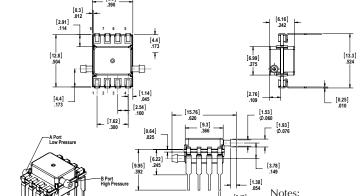


HDRD Package

DIP JJ: Non-Barbed Tapered Side Port







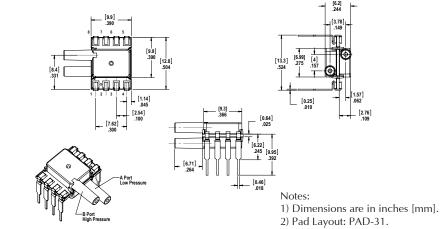
1) Dimensions are in inches [mm].

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2) Pad Layout: PAD-31.



* Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts

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Dimensional Drawings - DIP Packages (Cont'd.)

Package Dimensions

DIP JN: Non-Barbed Tapered Side



HJND Package

[1.14] .045 [2.54] .100 Notes:

1) Dimensions are in inches [mm].

2) Pad Layout: PAD-31.

DIP NN: No Port (Flat)

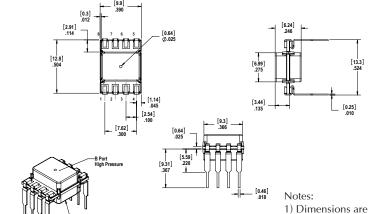


HNND Package

DIP RN: Barbed Side Port Gage

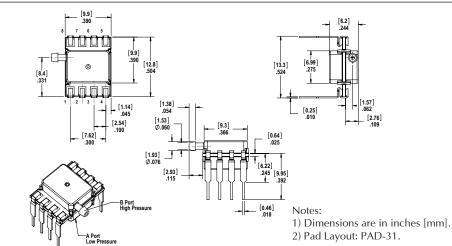


HRND Package



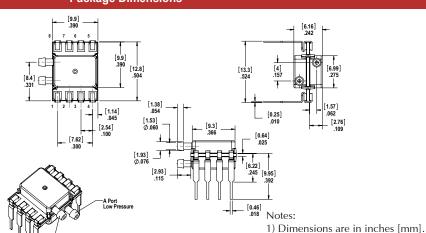
1) Dimensions are in inches [mm].





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^{*} Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts

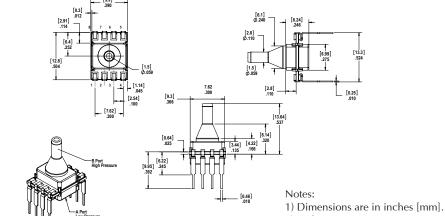


HRRD Package

DIP KN: Non-Barbed Needle Top



HKND Package



2) Pad Layout: PAD-31.

2) Pad Layout: PAD-31.

* Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts



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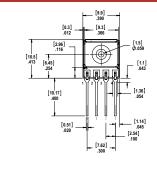
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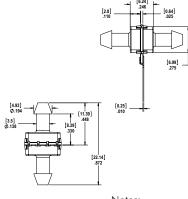
Dimensional Drawings - SIP Packages

Package Dimensions

SIP H-Lead AA: Barbed Top Port Differential







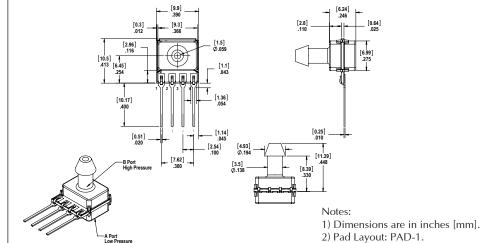
Notes:

- 1) Dimensions are in inches [mm].
- 2) Pad Layout: PAD-1.

HAAH Package

SIP H-Lead AN: Barbed Top Port

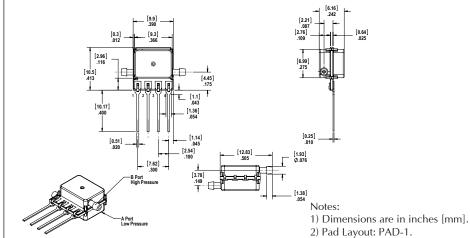




HANH Package

SIP H-Lead DR: Barbed Opposite Side Port Differential





HDRH Package

* Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts

Dimensional Drawings - SIP Packages (Cont'd.)

Package Dimensions SIP H-Lead JJ: Non-Barbed Tapered Side Port [3.78] __ [1.14] ___045 __[2.54] __100 [0.25] .010 [0.51] .020 Notes: 1) Dimensions are in inches [mm]. 2) Pad Layout: PAD-1. **HJJH Package** SIP H-Lead JN: Non-Barbed Tapered Side Port 1) Dimensions are in inches [mm]. 2) Pad Layout: PAD-1. **HJNH Package** SIP H-Lead NN: No Port (Flat) [9.3] .366 [0.3] .012 [2.96] .116 [10.17] [0.25] .010 Notes: 1) Dimensions are in inches [mm]. 2) Pad Layout: PAD-1. **HNNH Package**



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^{*} Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts

Dimensional Drawings - SIP Packages (Cont'd.)

Package Dimensions

SIP H-Lead RN: Barbed Side Port Gage



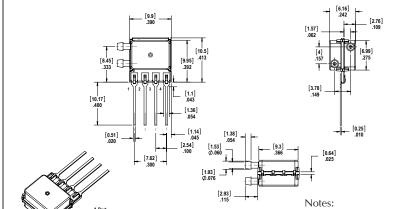
[9.9] 390 [1.57] [1.57] [1.57] [1.57] [1.58] [1.17] 400 [1.14] [1.38] [1.38] [1.38] [1.44] [1.38] [1.53] [1.53] [1.54] [1.53] [1.54] [1.53] [1.54] [1.54] [1.55

HRNH Package

SIP H-Lead RR: Barbed Side Port Differential



HRRH Package



- 1) Dimensions are in inches [mm].
- 2) Pad Layout: PAD-1.

2) Pad Layout: PAD-1.

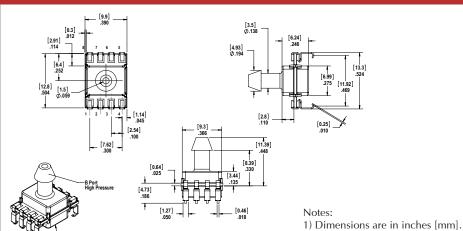
* Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts

Dimensional Drawings - SMT Packages

Package Dimensions

SMT AN: Barbed Top Port Gage



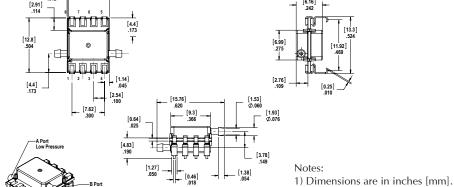


HANJ Package

SMT DR: Barbed Opposite Side Port Differential



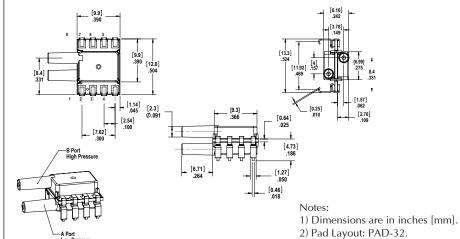




HDRJ Package

SMT JJ: Non-Barbed Tapered Side





HJJJ Package

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2) Pad Layout: PAD-32.

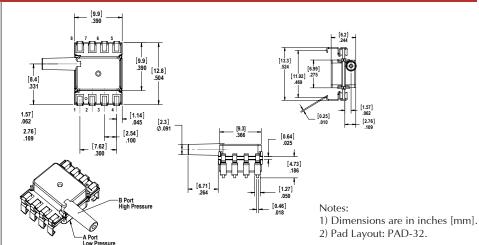
2) Pad Layout: PAD-32.

Dimensional Drawings - SMT Packages (Cont'd.)

Package Dimensions

SMT JN: Non-Barbed Tapered Side Port

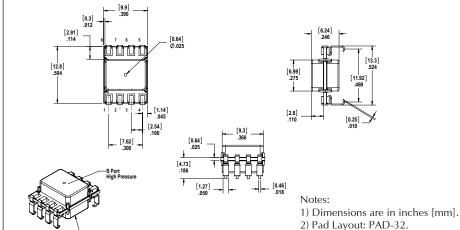




HJNJ Package

SMT NN: No Port (Flat)

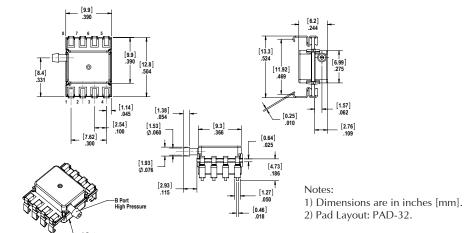




HNNJ Package

SMT RN: Barbed Side Port Gage



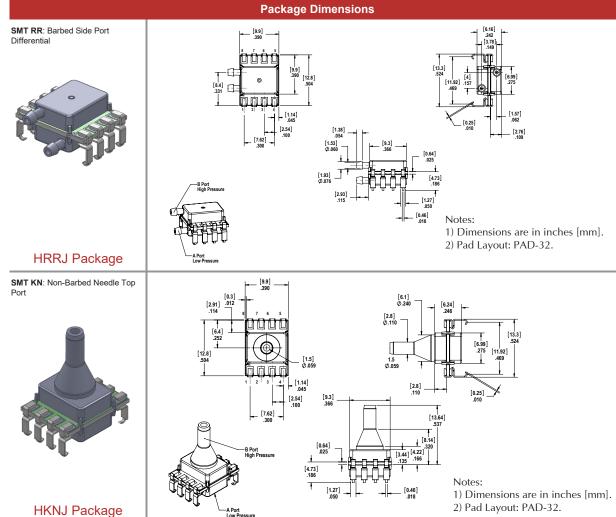


HRNJ Package

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^{*} Refer to How to Order Tables for pinouts

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